

# SINEAX F 535

## Transducer for measuring frequency difference

Carrying rail housing P13/70



### Application

The transducer **SINEAX F 535** (Fig. 1) converts the frequency difference of two synchronised supplies into a **load independent** DC current or a **load independent** DC voltage proportional to the measured value.

The transducer fulfils all the important requirements and regulations concerning electromagnetic compatibility **EMC** and **Safety** (IEC 1010 resp. EN 61 010). It was developed and is manufactured and tested in strict accordance with the **quality assurance standard** ISO 9001.



Fig. 1. Transducer SINEAX F 535 in housing P13/70 clipped onto a top-hat rail.

### Features / Benefits

- **Measuring inputs:** Sine, rectangular, or distorted wave forms of nominal input voltages with dominant fundamental waves

Measured variables	Nominal input voltages	Measuring range limits
Frequency difference	10 to 690 V	$\Delta f = \pm 1\% f_s$ to $\pm 80\% f_s$ $f_s$ and $f_G \geq 10$ Hz to $\leq 1.5$ kHz

- **Measuring output:** Unipolar, bipolar or live zero output variables
- **Measuring principle:** Digital period measurement
- **AC/DC power supply / Universal**
- **Standard as marine version per Lloyd's Register of Shipping**

### Technical data

#### General

Measured quantity: Frequency difference  $\Delta f$   
 Measuring principle: Digital period measurement

#### Measuring inputs $\rightarrow$

Measuring range ( $f_s$  = bus bar,  $f_G$  = generator): See Section "Specification and ordering information"  
 Nominal input voltages  $U_N$ : Generator and bus bar 10...230 V or 230...690 V (max. 230 V with power supply from voltage measuring input)  
 Own consumption:  $< U_N \cdot 1.5$  mA per measuring input

Overload capacity:

Measured quantities $U_N$	Number of applications	Duration of one application	Interval between two successive applications
$1,2 \times U_N^1$	---	continuously	---
$2 \times U_N^1$	10	1 s	10 s

<sup>1</sup> But max. 264 V with power supply from voltage measuring input.

Wave form: Any; fundamental wave only taken into account

#### Measuring output $\rightarrow$

Load independent DC current: 0...1 to 0...20 mA resp. live-zero 1...5 to 4...20 mA  $\pm 1$  to  $\pm 20$  mA  
 Burden voltage: + 15 V, resp. - 12 V  
 Load independent DC voltage: 0...1 to 0...10 V resp. live-zero 0.2...1 to 2...10 V  $\pm 1$  to  $\pm 10$  V  
 Load capacity: Max. 4 mA  
 Voltage limit under  $R_{ext} = \infty$ :  $\leq 25$  V  
 Current limit under overload: Approx.  $1.3 \times I_{AN}$  at current output Approx. 30 mA at voltage output  
 Residual ripple in output current:  $< 0.5\%$  p.p.  
 Nominal value of response time: 4 periods of the measuring frequency  
 Other ranges: 2, 8 or 16 periods of the measuring frequency

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Behaviour of output current in different operating states:

Operating state <sup>1</sup>		Output	Display
Generator frequency	Bus frequency		
$f_G > f_S$		unipolar	$> I_{AN} / 2$
		bipolar	positive
missing <sup>2</sup>	nominal value	unipolar	approx. 0
		bipolar	approx. $-110\% I_{AN}$
nominal value	missing <sup>2</sup>	unipolar	approx. $+110\% I_{AN}$
		bipolar	
missing <sup>2</sup>	missing <sup>2</sup>	unipolar	approx. $I_{AN} / 2$
		bipolar	approx. 0

<sup>1</sup> With power supply switched on

<sup>2</sup> E.g. switched off or fault condition

### Accuracy (acc. to DIN/IEC 688)

Reference value: Output span

Basic accuracy: Class 0.2

### Reference conditions:

Ambient temperature: 15...30 °C

Input voltage:  $U_{min}$  to  $U_{max}$

Distortion factor: No influence

Power supply: At nominal range

Output burden:  $\Delta R_{ext}$  max.

### Safety

Protection class: II (protection isolated, DIN EN 61 010)

Housing protection: IP 40, housing (test wire, EN 60 529)

IP 20, terminals (test finger, EN 60 529)

Contamination level: 2

Overvoltage category: III

Rated insulation voltage (against earth): 230 resp. 400 V, input  
230 V, power supply  
40 V, output

Test voltage: 50 Hz, 1 min. acc. to DIN EN 61 010-1  
3700 resp. 5550 V, input versus all other circuits as well as outer surface  
3700 V, power supply versus output as well as outer surface  
490 V, output versus outer surface

### Power supply →○

AC/DC power pack (DC or 40 ... 400 Hz)

Table 1: Rated voltages and permissible variations

Rated voltage	Tolerance
85 ... 230 V DC / AC	DC - 15 ... + 33%
24 ... 60 V DC / AC	AC ± 15%

or

Power supply from voltage measuring input: 24...60 V AC or 85...230 V AC, Note:  $40 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 400 \text{ Hz}$

Option: Connect to the low tension terminals 12 and 13  
24 V AC or 24 ... 60 V DC

Power consumption: Approx. 2 W resp. 4 VA

### Installation data

Mechanical design: Housing **P13/70**

Material of housing: Lexan 940 (polycarbonate), flammability Class V-0 acc. to UL 94, self-extinguishing, non-dripping, free of halogen

Mounting: For rail mounting

Mounting position: Any

Weight: Approx. 0.27 kg

### Connecting terminals

Connection element: Screw-type terminals with indirect wire pressure

Permissible cross section of the connection leads:  $\leq 4.0 \text{ mm}^2$  single wire or  $2 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$  fine wire

### Environmental conditions

Climatic rating: Climate class 3 acc. to VDI/VDE 3540

Operating temperature: - 10 to + 55 °C

Storage temperature: - 40 to + 70 °C

Relative humidity of annual mean:  $\leq 75\%$

### Vibration withstand

(tested according to DIN EN 60 068-2-6)

Acceleration:  $\pm 2 \text{ g}$

Frequency range: 10 ... 150 ... 10 Hz, rate of frequency sweep: 1 octave/minute

Number of cycles: 10 in each of the three axes

Result: No faults occurred, no loss of accuracy and no problems with the snap fastener

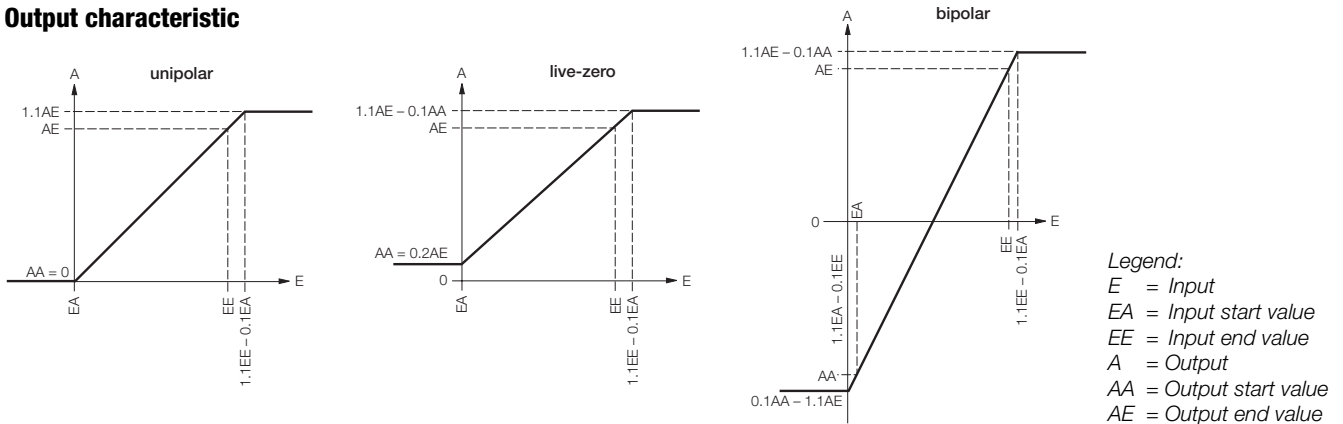
### Germanischer Lloyd

Type approval certificate: No. 12 261-98 HH

Ambient category: C

Vibration: 0.7 g

## Output characteristic



**Table 2: Specification and ordering information**

Order Code 535 -						
Features, Selection	*SCODE	no-go				
<b>1. Mechanical design</b> 4) Housing P13/70 for rail mounting			4	.	.	.
<b>2. Nominal input voltage</b> Generator and bus bar: 1) $U_N$ : 10 ... 230 V 2) $U_N$ : > 230 ... 690 V 3 phase system: Input voltage = phase to phase voltage Line 2: Not possible with power supply from measuring input	A		.	1	.	.
<b>3. Measuring range</b> Frequency: Bus bar = $f_s$ / Generator = $f_G$ 1) $f_s = 50 \text{ Hz} / f_G = 49.5 \dots 50 \dots 50.5 \text{ Hz}$ 2) $f_s = 50 \text{ Hz} / f_G = 47.5 \dots 50 \dots 52.5 \text{ Hz}$ 3) $f_s = 50 \text{ Hz} / f_G = 45 \dots 50 \dots 55 \text{ Hz}$ 4) $f_s = 50 \text{ Hz} / f_G = 40 \dots 50 \dots 60 \text{ Hz}$ 5) $f_s = 60 \text{ Hz} / f_G = 57.5 \dots 60 \dots 62.5 \text{ Hz}$ 9) Non-standard limit values [Hz] <input type="text"/> $\Delta f \pm 1\% f_s$ to $\pm 80\% f_s$ $f_s$ and $f_G \geq 10 \text{ Hz}$ to $\leq 1.5 \text{ kHz}$ With power supply from measuring input min. 40 Hz, max. 400 Hz see feature 5, lines 3 and 4			.	.	1	
<b>4. Output signal</b> 1) 0 ... 20 mA 2) 4 ... 20 mA 9) Non-standard 0...1.00 to 0...< 20, [mA] <input type="text"/> -1.00...0...1.00 to -20...0...20 (symmetrical) 1...5 to < (4...20) ( $AA/AE = 1/5$ ) A) 0 ... 10 V Z) Non-standard 0...1.00 to 0...< 10, [V] <input type="text"/> -1.00...0...1.00 to -10...0...10 (symmetrical) 0.2...1 to 2...10 ( $AA/AE = 1/5$ ) AA = Output start value, AE = Output end value			.	.	.	1
			.	.	.	2
			.	.	.	9
			.	.	.	A
			.	.	.	Z

Continuation of "Table 2: Specification and ordering information" see on next page!

# SINEAX F 535

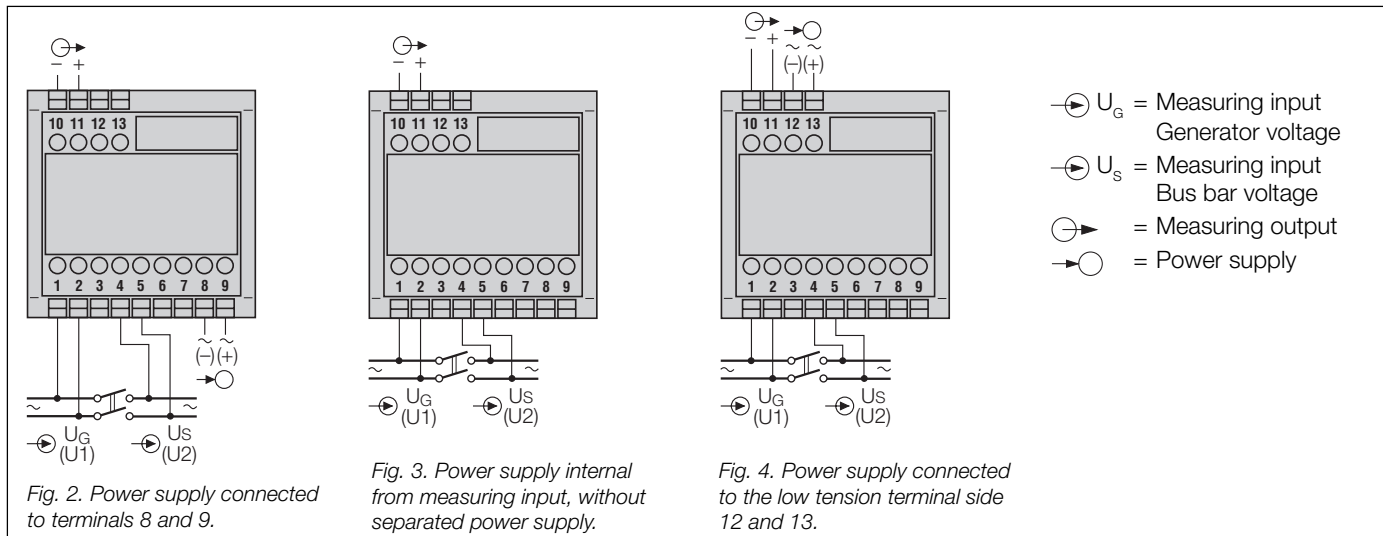
## Transducer for measuring frequency difference

Continuation of "Table 2: Specification and ordering information"

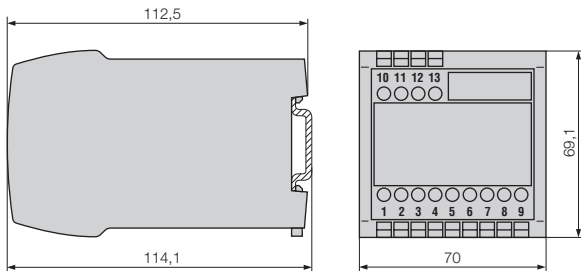
Order Code 535 -									
Features, Selection		*SCODE		no-go					
<b>5. Power supply</b>									
1) 85 ... 230 V DC/AC									1 . . . . .
2) 24 ... 60 V DC/AC									2 . . . . .
3) Internal from measuring input (24 V AC to 60 V AC)				A					3 . . . . .
4) Internal from measuring input (85 V AC to 230 V AC)				A					4 . . . . .
5) Connect to the low tension 24 V AC / 24 ... 60 V DC									5 . . . . .
<b>6. Response time</b>									
1) 4 periods of the input frequency (Standard)									. 1 . . . . .
2) 2 periods of the input frequency									. 2 . . . . .
3) 8 periods of the input frequency									. 3 . . . . .
4) 16 periods of the input frequency									. 4 . . . . .

\* Lines with letter(s) under "no-go" cannot be combined with preceding lines having the same letter under "SCODE"

### Electrical connections



### Dimensional drawing



### Standard accessories

1 Operating Instructions in three languages: German, French, English

Fig. 5. Housing P13/70 clipped onto a top-hat rail (35 x 15 mm or 35 x 7.5 mm, acc. to EN 50 022).